

Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education (RSHE) Policy



Developed by: L. Gibson Last reviewed: Summer 2025 Date for review: Summer 2026

Signed

D. Golding

Chair of Governors

Date: 16.10.2025

Our Mission Statement

"Journeying to Excellence through Faith and Learning"

Alice Ingham is proud to be a Catholic School and to follow the good and kind work of Alice Ingham We do this through nurturing her beliefs and values through our parish, community and the wider world and by: Journeying to excellence through faith and learning; Following Jesus' example through prayer and worship; Working hard to achieve and meet life's challenges; Treating others as we would like to be treated; Taking care of the world God has given us.

Education is about more than academic achievement. Schools seek to prepare our young people for life in the world today. Their health and wellbeing and their relationships with others are vital components for living a fulfilled life and making a positive contribution to society. So, not surprisingly, Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education (RSHE) are an essential part of the overall school curriculum and the Government, through its Department for Education, regulates the content of those aspects of the curriculum.

Within the Catholic Church, we have a particular context in which we wish this education to be offered and specific views about certain elements of it. Consequently, on behalf of the Bishops' Conference of England and Wales, the Catholic Education Service (CES) offers advice and a model policy for how this area of the curriculum should be approached in Catholic schools. Our own Diocesan Department for Education has taken both the Government and the CES documents and brought them together into this model policy for use in schools within the Diocese of Salford. This ensures that Catholic teaching is set alongside the secular State requirements and will enable teachers to approach these often sensitive matters with confidence and clarity.

When it comes to Sex Education, parents do have a legal right to withdraw their children (except for those aspects required by the National Curriculum for Science). Hopefully such incidences would be few and far between, since we believe that it is much better for children to be educated about these matters in a safe and structured environment, where the content and message accord with our Catholic values, rather than learning about them from randomly accessed sources.

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SECTION 1 – INTRODUCTION

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Under the Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, schools are required to teach:
 - relationships education (all primary aged pupils)
 - relationships and sex education (RSE) (all secondary aged pupils)
 - health education (all pupils in state-funded schools only)
 - 1.2At Alice Ingham, as a Catholic school, we are guided by the Catholic Education Service who state that Catholic schools are required to deliver Relationship and Sex Education (RSE) in accordance with the teachings of the Church. We take this approach in conjunction with the guidance issued by the DfE. The Catholic Education Service use the term 'RSE'.

2. Rationale 1

'I have come that you might have life and have it to the full.' (John.10.10)

- 2.1 We are involved in relationships and sex education precisely because of our Christian beliefs about God and about the human person. The belief in the unique dignity of the human person made in the image and likeness of God underpins the approach to all education in a Catholic school. Our approach to RSHE therefore is rooted in the Catholic Church's teaching of the human person and presented in a positive framework of Christian ideals.
- 2.2 At the heart of the Christian life is the Trinity; Father, Son and Spirit in communion, united in loving relationship and embracing all people and all creation. As a consequence of the Christian belief that we are made in the image and likeness of God, gender and sexuality are seen as God's gift, reflect God's beauty, and share in the divine creativity. RSHE, therefore, will be placed firmly within the context of relationship as it is there that sexuality grows and develops.
- 2.3 Following the guidance of the Bishops of England and Wales and as advocated by the DfE (and the Welsh Assembly Government) RSHE will be firmly embedded in the PSHE framework as it is concerned with nurturing human wholeness and integral to the physical, spiritual, emotional, moral, social and intellectual development of pupils. It is centred on Christ's vision of being human as good news and will be positive and prudent, showing the potential for development, while enabling the dangers and risks involved to be understood and appreciated.
- 2.4 All RSHE will be in accordance with the Church's moral teaching. It will emphasise the central importance of marriage and the family whilst acknowledging that all pupils have a fundamental right to have their life respected whatever household they come from. It will also prepare pupils for life in modern Britain.
- 2.5 Our RSHE programme enshrines the Catholic values relating to the importance of stable relationships, marriage and family life. It also promotes those virtues which are essential in

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg2

responding to God's call to love others with a proper respect for their dignity and the dignity of the human body.

2.6 We will endeavour to raise pupils' self-esteem, help them to grow in knowledge and understanding, recognise the value of all persons and develop caring and sensitive attitudes. It is in this context that we commit ourselves in partnership with parents and carers, to provide children and young people with a 'positive and prudent sexual education' (Gravissimum Educationis) which is compatible with their physical, cognitive, psychological, and spiritual maturity, and rooted in a Catholic vision of education and the human person.

3. Definitions

3.1 Relationships Education²

As a Catholic school, we are guided by the DfE and CES. DfE guidance describes Relationship Education:

'the focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults.' This would include the topics of: families and people who care for me; caring friendships; respectful relationships; online relationships and being safe.'

3.2 Sex education³

Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools. The national curriculum for science includes subject content in related areas such as: the main external body parts; the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals. We choose to teach Sex Education at Alice Ingham in order to meet the needs of our pupils. In this we are guided by the Catholic Education Service, using their definition:

'It is about the development of the pupil's knowledge and understanding of her or him as a sexual being, about what it means to be fully human, called to live in right relationships with self and others and being enabled to make moral decisions in conscience.'

4. Parents And Carers - including the right to be excused from Sex education

4.1 'The role of parents in the development of their children's understanding about relationships is vital. Parents are the first teachers of their children. They have the most significant influence in enabling their children to grow and mature and to form healthy relationships'.⁴

'We recognise that parents (and other carers who stand in their place) are the primary educators of their children. As a Catholic school, we provide the principal means by which the Church assists parents and carers in educating their children.'5

Therefore, we will work closely with parents/carers when planning and delivering our RSHE programme and we will support parents and carers by sharing and providing materials where necessary.

² DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg19

³ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg1

⁴ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg17

⁵ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg5

- 4.2 Parents and carers will be informed by letter when the more sensitive aspects of our RSHE programme will be delivered, in order that they can be prepared to talk and answer questions about their children's learning.
- 4.3 We believe that the controlled environment of the classroom is the safest place for this curriculum to be followed. However, parents/carers have the right to withdraw their children from Sex Education except in those elements which are required by the Science National Curriculum. Should they wish to withdraw their children they are asked to notify the school by contacting the Headteacher who will automatically grant the request. If a child is withdrawn, we will ensure that they receive appropriate, purposeful education during the period of withdrawal.
- 4.4 There is no right to withdraw from Relationships Education or Health Education.⁶

5. Consultation

- 5.1 Parents and carers will be consulted in developing and reviewing our policy and they will be able to view the resources we use.
- 5.2 We will also consult with teachers and pupils to ensure the policy reflects their views. We feel that listening and responding to the views of young people will strengthen the policy, ensuring that it meets their needs.
- 5.3 Our aim is that, at the end of the consultation process, stakeholders will have full confidence in our RSHE programmes to meet their child's needs.
- 5.4 In addition, where appropriate, parents/carers may be consulted before their child's final year of primary school about the detailed content of what will be taught. This will include offering them support in talking to their children about sex education and how to link this with what is being taught in school.

6. A balanced curriculum⁷

- 6.1 Whilst promoting Catholic values and virtues and teaching in accordance with Church teaching, we will ensure that pupils are offered a balanced programme by providing an RSHE programme that offers a range of viewpoints on issues.
- 6.2 Pupils will also receive clear scientific information inline with the National Curriculum for Science.
- 6.3 Knowing about facts and enabling young people to explore differing viewpoints is not the same as promoting behaviour and is not incompatible with our school's promotion of Catholic teaching. We will ensure that pupils have access to the learning they need to stay safe, healthy and understand their rights as individuals.

7. Controversial or sensitive issues; managing difficult questions; safeguarding8

⁶ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg18

 $^{^{7}}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pgs5-6 $\,$

 $^{^{8}}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pgs7-8 $\,$

- 7.1 There will always be sensitive or controversial issues in the field of RSHE. These may be matters of maturity, of personal involvement or experience of children, of disagreement with the official teaching of the Church, of illegal activity or other doubtful, dubious or harmful activity.
- 7.2 At Alice Ingham, we believe that children are best educated, protected from harm and exploitation by discussing such issues openly within the context of the RSHE programme. The use of ground rules, negotiated between teachers and pupils, will help to create a supportive climate for discussion.
- 7.3 At Alice Ingham, we want to promote a healthy, positive atmosphere in which RSHE can take place. We will ensure that pupils can ask questions freely, be confident that their questions will be answered, and be sure that they will be free from bullying or harassment from other children and young people. We recognise that some questions may raise issues which it would not be appropriate for teachers to answer during ordinary class time, e.g., where a child or young person's questions hints at abuse, is deliberately tendentious or is of a personal nature. If this happens, adults will tell the pupil/pupils at the time that they will speak to them after the lesson. A record of the discussion will be made and parents/carers made aware if necessary.
- 7.4 We recognise that pupils will also need to feel safe and secure in the environment in which RSHE takes place. Effective RSHE will provide opportunities for discussion of what is and is not appropriate in relationships. Such discussion may well lead to disclosure of a safeguarding issue. Teachers will be aware of the needs of their pupils and not let any fears and worries go unnoticed. Where a teacher suspects that a child or young person is a victim of or is at risk of abuse they will follow the school's safeguarding policy and immediately inform the designated senior member of staff responsible.

SECTION 2 - WHAT PUPILS WILL LEARN

8. What pupils will learn - Relationships education 9

By the end of primary school pupils should know:

8.1 Families and people who care for me

- that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
- the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
- that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
- that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
- that marriage* represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
- how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

8.2 Caring friendships

- how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
- the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
- that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
- that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
- how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.

8.3 Respectful relationships

- the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
- practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
- * (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious)
- the conventions of courtesy and manners
- the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness

⁹ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg20-22

- that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
- about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
- what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
- the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

8.4 Online relationships

- that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
- that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
- the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
- how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
- how information and data is shared and used online.

8.5 Being safe

- what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
- about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
- that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
- how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
- how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
- how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
- how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
- where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.

9. What pupils will learn - Sex education 10

DfE guidance 'Relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education' states 'it is important that the transition phase before moving to secondary school supports pupils' ongoing emotional and physical development effectively.' It recommends therefore that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. In order to do this, we use CES guidance 'A Model Policy For Relationships And Sex Education'. By the end of key stage 2 we aim:

9.1 to develop the following attitudes and virtues:

- reverence for the gift of human sexuality and fertility;
- respect for the dignity of every human being in their own person and in the person of others;
- joy in the goodness of the created world and their own bodily natures;
- responsibility for their own actions and a recognition of the impact of these on others;
- recognising and valuing their own sexual identity and that of others;
- celebrating the gift of life-long, self-giving love;

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 $^{^{\}rm 10}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pgs3-4

- recognising the importance of marriage and family life;
- fidelity in relationships.

9.2 to develop the following personal and social skills:

- making sound judgements and good choices which have integrity, and which are respectful of the individual's commitments;
- loving and being loved, and the ability to form friendships and loving, stable relationships free from exploitation, abuse and bullying;
- managing emotions within relationships, and when relationships break down, with confidence, sensitivity and dignity;
- managing conflict positively, recognising the value of difference;
- cultivating humility, mercy and compassion, learning to forgive and be forgiven;
- developing self-esteem and confidence, demonstrating self-respect and empathy for others:
- building resilience and the ability to resist unwanted pressures, recognising the influence and impact of the media, internet and peer groups and so developing the ability to assess pressures and respond appropriately.

9.3 to know and understand:

- the Church's teaching on relationships and the nature and meaning of sexual love;
- the Church's teaching on marriage and the importance of marriage and family life;
- the centrality and importance of virtue in guiding human living and loving;
- the physical and psychological changes that accompany puberty;
- the facts about human reproduction, how love is expressed sexually and how sexual love plays an essential and sacred role in procreation.

10. What pupils will learn - Physical health and mental wellbeing 11

By the end of primary school pupils should know:

10.1 Mental wellbeing

• that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

- that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.
- how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.
- the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.
- simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).

 $^{^{11}\,}$ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pgs32-35

• it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

10.2 Internet safety and harms

- that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.
- why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
- how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.
- where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.

10.3 Healthy eating

- what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).
- the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
- the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).

10.4 Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

• the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

10.5 Health and prevention

- how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.
- about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.
- the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
- about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
- about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.
- the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.

10.6 Basic first aid

- how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

10.7 Changing adolescent body

- key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
- about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle

SECTION 3 – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

11. How RSHE will be taught

- 11.1 RSHE forms one part of the personal development of pupils at Alice Ingham.
- 11.2 Through teaching RSHE at Alice Ingham, we endeavour to raise pupils' self-esteem, help them grow in knowledge and understanding, recognise the value of all persons and develop caring and sensitive attitudes. ¹²
- 11.3 DfE guidance on RSHE is statutory, but schools are free to determine how to deliver its content. At Alice Ingham, we have chosen to use resources which are within Salford Diocese recommendations. These resources fit into our broad and balanced curriculum. It is a graduated, age-appropriate programme and when using it, we take into account the developmental differences of our children.
- 11.4 Our Curriculum Map (at the end of this policy) shows our carefully sequenced planned programme of lessons and where each of the DfE's statutory statements are covered.
- 11.5 Our RSHE programme is delivered to pupils by their class teachers and support staff.
- 11.6 Aspects of RSHE which pupils should know by the end of primary school may be delivered through other curriculum areas (see overview).

12. Pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND)

- 12.1 At Alice Ingham, we ensure that Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education is accessible for all pupils. High quality teaching, that is differentiated and personalised where necessary, is the starting point to ensure this.
- 12.2 Through careful planning and delivery, we ensure that Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education is sensitive to the different needs of individual pupils in respect to their different abilities, levels of maturity and developmental stages. We are also sensitive to pupils' personal circumstances; for example, their own sexual orientation, faith or culture and we teach our programmes in a way that ensure that pupils are not subject to discrimination.¹³
- 12.3 Our programmes of study will also be delivered with reference to the law, in particular to the Equality Act (see below, pt 14).
- 12.4 We are aware that some pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEND. We recognise that Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education can also be particularly important subject for some pupils; for example those with Social, Emotional and Mental Health needs or learning disabilities. As such, at Alice Ingham we take into consideration all these factors when designing and teaching these subjects.
- 12.5 We are mindful of the preparing for adulthood outcomes as set out in the SEND code of practice when teaching Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education.¹⁴

CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2010 revised 2020 pg4

¹² CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg3

¹³ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg4

¹⁴ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg15

13. Transition to KS3¹⁵

It is important that the transition phase before moving to secondary school supports pupils' ongoing emotional and physical development effectively. At Alice Ingham our programmes are tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of our pupils. They will ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for Science – how a baby is conceived and born.

14. Equalities Obligations, including LGBT

- 14.1 At Alice Ingham, we will not discriminate against pupils in relation to the following as it is unlawful:
 - admissions (apart from the exemptions on single sex schools and those with a religious character)
 - the provision of education
 - · access to any benefit, facility or service
 - exclusions
 - any other detriment

Unlawful discrimination includes:

- direct discrimination (including discrimination based on perception or association)
- indirect discrimination
- discrimination arising from disability
- failure to make reasonable adjustments
- pregnancy and maternity discrimination¹⁶

14.2 At Alice Ingham, we ensure that we comply with the relevant requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and do not unlawfully discriminate against pupils because of their age, sex, race, disability, religion or belief, gender reassignment, pregnancy or maternity, marriage or civil partnership or sexual orientation (protected characteristics).¹⁷

14.3 Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT)¹⁸ 19

14.3.1 In teaching Relationships Education, we ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. In particular, complying with the provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics – see above (pt. 14.1).

14.3.2 At Alice Ingham, we ensure that all our teaching is sensitive and age appropriate in approach and content. At the point at which we consider it appropriate to teach our pupils about LGBT (see Section 8 – Relationships Education), we ensure that the content is fully integrated into programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson.

¹⁵ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg23

¹⁶ The Equality Act 2010 and schools: Departmental advice for school leaders, school staff, governing bodies and local authorities May 2014 pgs7-9

 $^{^{17}}$ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg13

¹⁸ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pgs14-15

¹⁹ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg4

- 14.4 We take positive action, where it can be shown that it is proportionate, to deal with particular disadvantages affecting one group because of a protected characteristic; and we take this into consideration in designing and teaching Relationships Education, Sex Education and Health Education.
- 14.5 We also consider the makeup of our student body, including the gender and age range, when considering whether it is appropriate or necessary to put in place additional support for pupils with particular protected characteristics (which mean that they are potentially at greater risk).
- 14.6 We are alive to issues such as everyday sexism, misogyny, homophobia and gender stereotyping and take positive action to build a culture where these are not tolerated. Any occurrences are identified and tackled.
- 14.7 We are particularly aware of current evidence on the preponderance in schools and colleges of sexual violence and sexual harassment between children. We make it clear that sexual violence and sexual harassment are not acceptable, will never be tolerated and are not an inevitable part of growing up. Any report of sexual violence or sexual harassment will be taken seriously and dealt with accordingly.
- 14.8 At Alice Ingham, through our programmes of study, we enable pupils to realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours (including online), use of prejudice-based language and how to respond and ask for help.

15. Cross-Curricular Links

- 15.1 This policy is delivered as part of our PSHE framework and is compatible with our school's other policy documents including our Behaviour Policy and our Safeguarding Policy.²⁰
- 15.2 It also complements several national curriculum subjects and we look for opportunities to draw links between the subjects and integrate teaching where appropriate. For example:
 - The National Curriculum for Science also includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals. We are legally required to teach those aspects of RSHE which are statutory parts of National Curriculum Science.
 - The National Curriculum for Computing aims to ensure that all pupils can understand and apply the fundamental principles and concepts of computer science, including logic, algorithms and data representation. It also covers e-safety, with progression in the content to reflect the different and escalating risks that young people face as they get older. This includes how to use technology safely, responsibly, respectfully and securely, how to keep personal information private, and where to go for help and support.
 - The National Curriculum for PE aims to ensure that pupils develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities, are physically active for sustained periods of time, engage in a competitive sport and activities and lead healthy, active lives.²¹
- 15.3 We also ensure that our RSHE programmes complement our whole school approaches to wellbeing and health, for example Alice Ingham.

 $^{^{20}}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg7

²¹ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg39

16. External visitors 22

- 16.1 Our school will often call upon help and guidance from outside agencies and health specialists to deliver aspects of RSHE. These visits will always complement the current programme and never substitute or replace teacher led sessions.
- 16.2 External visitors will be clear about their role and responsibilities whilst they are in school delivering a session.
- 16.3 Any visitor delivering aspects of the RSHE curriculum must adhere to our code of practice developed in line with CES guidance 'Checklist for External Speakers to Schools (see appendix).
- 16.4 Health professionals should follow the school's policies, minimising the potential for disclosures or inappropriate comments using negotiated ground rules and distancing techniques as other teachers would. They will ensure that all teaching is rooted in Catholic principles and practice.

17. Monitoring and evaluation²³

- 17.1 Our RSHE Leader is Leanne Gibson. They work alongside the senior leadership team to monitor the provision of the various dimensions of the programme. This includes examining plans, schemes of work and samples of pupils work at regular intervals.
- 17.2 Curricular development is linked to our self evaluation, school improvement planning and performance management cycles.
- 17.3 The programme is evaluated by means of questionnaires and by discussion with pupils, staff and parents and carers. The results of evaluations are reported to these groups of interested parties and their suggestions are sought for improvements. Governors will consider all such evaluations and suggestions before amending the policy. Governors remain ultimately responsible for the policy.

18. Governance

18.1 Our link governor for RSHE is David Golding.

18.2 As well as fulfilling their legal obligations, our governing body will also make sure that:

- provision is in accordance with other whole school policies, the ethos of our school and our Christian beliefs²⁴
- all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes
- the subjects are well led, effectively managed and well planned
- the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation
- teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND
- clear information is provided for parents on the subject content and the right to request that their child is withdrawn

²² CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg6

²³ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg8

 $^{^{24}}$ CES A Model Policy for Relationships and Sex Education 2016 revised 2020 pg6 $\,$

• the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures that the school can fulfil its legal obligations.²⁵

19. Policy Review

19.1 This policy is available to parents/carers and anyone who asks for it free of charge from our office and is also published on our website.

19.2 This policy will be reviewed annually.

 $^{^{25}}$ DfE Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education 2019 updated 2021 pg16



CHECKLIST FOR EXTERNAL SPEAKERS / ORGANISATIONS INVITED TO SCHOOLS

In this checklist 'School(s)' means all Catholic school(s). For the avoidance of doubt this includes:

- Catholic voluntary aided schools;
- Catholic independent schools (including Catholic academies);
- · Catholic sixth form colleges; and
- Catholic non-maintained special schools.²⁶

As an integral part of its educational vision for the holistic formation of children and young people, the Catholic Church expects Catholic schools to promote and uphold high standards throughout their activities and this includes visits from external speakers.

All external speakers invited to schools should be of the highest quality and school leaders are responsible for ensuring that they have enough information about the content to be delivered by any external speaker to enable them to determine whether the content will be pitched at the right level for the age and level of maturity of the children and young people to whom the external speakers will present. All schools should have clear policies for the booking of external speakers which includes sign-off of the booking at an appropriately senior level and compliance with safeguarding checks.

Schools should also be mindful of the DfE guidance on "political impartiality in schools" which can be found by following this link:

Political impartiality in schools - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

This checklist should be completed *prior* to welcoming (and establishing collaborative relationships with) external speakers (and any organisation they represent) to ensure that the Catholic character of your school is preserved and developed in the external speaker's communications with pupils and parents and carers.

²⁶ For the avoidance of doubt, the CES advises that the DfE guidance and this checklist should be followed by all of the specified educational settings listed above. This is the case, even where the DfE guidance does not apply to the setting type.

Name of Speaker		
Question	Answer	Actions needed/Comment
Will the Speaker be supervised at all times during their visit? If not, why not?	yes □ no □ further comment □	
2. Have you carried out safeguarding checks (if appropriate) for the Speaker and have these been recorded in accordance with the school's safeguarding procedures?	yes □ no □ further comment □	
 3. Has the Speaker understood and confirmed that their communications in the school will: be respectful towards Catholic teachings; not be prejudicial or detrimental to the Catholic character of the school; not engage pupils in political activity; not cover certain partisan political views which are not deemed relevant or appropriate (provide details if applicable); be delivered in accordance with the requirements set out in the DfE's guidance on political impartiality in schools (if appropriate). 	yes no further comment	
4. Have you reviewed the resources/materials that will be used by the Speaker?	yes no further comment	
5. Have you reviewed other resources produced by the Speaker (and by any organisation the speaker represents) even if they will not form part of the speaker's activities at the school?	yes □ no □ further comment □	
6. Have you conducted a general internet search using the Speaker's name (e.g. a google search)? If parents or children and young people conducted a similar search are any concerns likely to	yes no turther comment	

arise?		
7. Can you confirm that the political views espoused by the speaker/speaker's organisation are in compliance with British values and do not involve taking an extreme political position?	yes no further comme	nt
8. Have school policies and procedures applicable to the speaker been explained to and understood by the Speaker?	yes no further comme	nt
9. Are there any other outstanding issues or concerns with the Speaker and/or their suitability?	yes no further comme	nt
10. Will the Speaker deliver content of a high quality that is appropriate to the age and maturity of the children or young people in the audience?	yes no further comme	nt
If you have any concerns reg your Diocese to seek further cl	_	ability of this Speaker, you should contact
Signed Position Dated		
Approved for booking Senior Staff member Name Position Dated		



PSHE Whole School Progression

	Autumn	1	Autu	mn 2	PSHE Whole School	ing 1	Spri	ing 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health	<u>-</u>	71000	2	Education For Social	Living In The Wider		I	Money	Sammer 2
	Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Responsibility	World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Sense	Moving On
EYFS	Children will know:	Children will know:	Children will know:	Being Unkind	Ecosystems – why is	Children will know that:	Can we do the right	Road safety	Role play – shop	Children will know:
	We are each unique, with	A language to describe	We are part of God's	To be able to name	nature special?	We all have different	thing?	To know that	To know that money is used to buy	
	individual gifts, talents and	their feelings	family	some way in which	To understand what	'tastes' (likes and	To know about right and	pedestrians walk on the	things	what they have achieved this
	skills.	that everyone	Jesus cared for others	children can be unkind	nature is.	dislikes), but also similar	wrong and the	pavement and vehicles	To know that money can be coins	year
	Whilst we all have similarities	experiences feelings	and wanted them to live	to each other.	To know how nature	needs (to be loved and	consequences.	travel on the road.	&/ notes	
	because we are made in God's	that feelings are neither	good lives like Him		makes them feel.	respected, to be safe	To know how others can	To know how to walk	To know some of the coins (not	thoughts and feelings
	image, difference is part of	good nor bad; they give	We should love other	To know who to talk to if	To know that nature	etc)	help them make the	safely with a grown up	understand value)	associated with change
	God's plan!	us information about	people in the same way	I was feeling unhappy or	provides us with many	It is natural for us to	right choices.	and hold hands when		
	That their bodies are good and	what we are	God loves us	being bullied.	things that we need in	relate to and trust one	To begin to know how to	walking near the road.		who can help them with these
	made by God.	experiencing	To identify special		order to live.	another.	debate whether it is			feelings
	The names of the parts of the	Simple strategies for	people (e.g. parents,		To know that dead	That God is love: Father,	always easy to do the	Children will know:		
	body. (not genitalia)	managing feelings.	carers, friends) and		plants and other organic	Son and Holy Spirit	right thing.	About safe and unsafe		what they want to achieve
	That our bodies are good and	How feelings can affect	what makes them		materials can be	That being made in His		situations outdoors and		next year
	we need to look after them	actions, and that actions	special		recycled by nature.	image means being		indoors.		
	What constitutes a healthy	have consequences	The importance of the			called to be loved and		That they can ask for		that they are fearfully and
	lifestyle, including exercise, diet,	Simple strategies for	nuclear family and of			to love others.		help from their special		wonderfully made.
	sleep, and personal hygiene	managing emotions and	the wider family			What a community is,		people.		
	That there are natural life stages	behaviour	The importance of being			and that God calls us to				
	from birth to death, and what	That we have choices	close to and trusting			live in community with				
	these are.	and these choices can	'special people', and			one another				
	That they are entitled to bodily	impact how we feel and	telling them when something is troubling			Scripture illustrating the importance of living in a				
	privacy That they can and should be	respond. We can say sorry and	them			community				
	open with 'special people' they	forgive like Jesus.	How their behaviour			No matter how small				
	trust if anything troubles them	lorgive like Jesus.	affects other people and			our offerings, they are				
	That there are different people		that there is appropriate			valuable to God and He				
	we can trust for help, especially		and inappropriate			can use them for His				
	those closest to us who care for		behaviour			glory.				
	us, including our teachers and		The characteristics of			That they belong to				
	our parish priest		positive and negative			various communities.				
			relationships			such as home, school,				
			About different types of			parish, the wider local				
			teasing and that all			area, nation and the				
			bullying is wrong and			global community				
			unacceptable			That they should help at				
			To recognise when they			home with practical				
			have been unkind to			tasks such as keeping				
			others and say sorry			their room tidy, helping				
1			That when we are			in the kitchen, etc.				
1			unkind, we hurt God and			That we have a duty of				
1			should say sorry			care for others and for				
			To recognise when			the world we live in				
			people are being unkind			(charity work, recycling,				
			to them and others and			etc.)				
1			how to respond			About what harms and				
			That we should forgive			what improves the				
			like Jesus forgives			world in which they live				

	Autumn	1	Autu	ımn 2	Spri	ng 1	Spr	ing 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
Year 1	Children will know: We are created individually by God God wants us to talk to Him often through the day and treat Him as our best friend God has created us, His children, to know, love and serve Him We are created as a unity of body, mind and spirit: who we are matters and what we do matters We can give thanks to God in different ways that we are unique, with individual gifts, talents and skills. Learn and appreciate that there are natural life stages from birth to death, and what these are	Children will know: That it is natural for us to relate to and trust one another That we all have different 'tastes' (likes and dislikes), but also similar needs (to be loved and respected, to be safe etc) A language to describe our feelings Gain a basic understanding that feelings and actions are two different things, and that our good actions can 'form' our feelings and our character	Children will know: We are part of God's family Saying sorry is important and can mend friendships Jesus cared for others and had expectations of them and how they should act We should love other people in the same way God loves us To identify 'special people' (their parents, carers, friends, parish priest) and what makes them special The importance of nuclear and wider family The importance of being close to and trusting special people and telling them if something is troubling them	What is bullying? To know what bullying is. To know how bullying behaviour would be dealt with in our school.	Finite Planet-where does this come from? To know that resources can run out and need to be replaced To know the difference between using resources wastefully and using resources responsibly To know how to use resources responsibly? To know what 'reuse' and 'recycle' mean To know what can be recycled and how? To know why it is important to reuse and recycle as much as we can?	Children will know: God is love: Father, Son and Holy Spirit Being made in His image means being called to be loved and to love others what a community is, and that God calls us to live in community with one another scripture illustrating the importance of living in community as a consequence of this Jesus' teaching on neighbours The principles of Catholic Social Teaching That God formed them out of love, to know and share His love with others	What are rules? To know the importance of rules and why we need them. The children will know that rules keep us safe and make things fair. To know how debate whether it is fair that adults make the rules.	Sun safety To know and understand that the sun is stronger in summer and that this is dangerous for their skin. To know & understand that they should cover up, wear sunscreen, seek shade, and wear sunglasses to protect themselves from the summer sun. To know that their skin can be damaged in different ways including sunburn. To know how to protect themselves from sunburn. Keeping Safe Children will know: The difference between 'good' and 'bad' secrets and that they can and should be open with 'special people' they trust if anything troubles them How to resist pressure when feeling unsafe. To know that they are entitled to bodily privacy. That there are different people we can trust for help, especially those closest to us who care for us, including our parents or carers, teachers and our parish priest.	What coins and notes do we use? To know the value of different notes and coins Where can I keep my money safe? To Know the different places to keep money safe Where does money come from? To know where people get their money from To know earning and saving money can enable them to plan for their future To begin to understand about working to earn money	Children will know: what their talents are how to prepare for and manage change what they want to achieve next year how to use their God-given talents to serve others

	Autumn	1	Autu	mn 2	Spr	ing 1	S	pring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
Year 2	Children will know:	Children will know:	Children will know:	Feeling sad	Climate change- Our	Children will know:	What are laws?	Things that go into our	Why is it important to save money?	Children will know:
	That our bodies are good	a basic understanding		To know how feeling	changing world	That they belong to	To know the difference	body/medicines	To know they can save money to use	
	The names of our body parts	that feelings and actions	How their behaviour	sad affects the way you	To know what pollution	various communities	between rules and laws.	To know that the things that	later instead of spending it now To	what makes them special
	(including genitalia)	are two different things,	affects other people,	behave and how you	is?	such as home, school,	To know the	can go into a person's body	begin to know why saving money can	
	That girls and boys have been	and that our good	and that there is	think.	To know how pollution	parish, the wider local	consequences of	can change how people feel.	be important	how to prepare for and
	created by God to be both	actions can 'form' our	appropriate and		is affecting the	community, nation and	breaking the law and		What are needs and wants?	manage change
	similar and different, together	feelings and our	inappropriate behaviour	To understand	environment?	global community	about fair punishment.	To know that some things	To know the difference between a	
	making up the richness of the	character	The characteristics of	'exclusion' and know	To know how climate	That they should help at	To know how to debate	that go into or onto bodies	need and a want	what they want to achieve
	human family	Simple strategies for	positive and negative	how to avoid behaviour	change might affect	home with practical	whether it is possible to	can be harmful	How can I keep track of my money?	next year- hopes and
	That our bodies are good and	managing feelings and	relationships	which excludes others.	living things in each	tasks such as keeping	live in a world without		To know why it is important to keep	dreams
	we need to look after them	maintaining good	About different types of	(They can learn this as	area?	their room tidy, helping	punishment.	To know how to tell if	track of their spending and saving	
	What constitutes a healthy	behaviour	teasing, and that all	'leaving others out'.)	To know how to save	in the kitchen etc.		something might be harmful		that Jesus is their guiding
	lifestyle, including physical	That choices have	bullying is wrong and		electricity at home or in	That we have a duty of				light and how they can
	activity, dental health and	consequences; that	unacceptable		school	care for others and for		Keeping Safe		guide others
	healthy eating	when we make mistakes	when they have been		To know what a	the world we live in		Children will know:		
	The importance of sleep, rest	we are called to receive	unkind and say sorry		renewable, clean energy	(charity work, recycling		what is and isn't an		
	and recreation for our health	forgiveness and to	when people are being		source is?	etc.)		emergency		
	How to maintain personal	forgive others when	unkind to them and			About what harms and		That in an emergency, they		
	hygiene	they make mistakes	others and how to			what improves the		(or an adult) should call 999		
	What 'death' means	That Jesus died on the	respond			world in which we live		and ask for ambulance,		
	About some feelings often	cross so that we would	when we are unkind to			The principles of		police and/or fire brigade		
	connected with grief	be forgiven	others, we hurt God			Catholic Social Teaching		To call 999 in an emergency		
	What the Christian faith says		also and should say			That God formed them		and ask for ambulance,		
	about death and eternal life		sorry to Him as well			out of love, to know and		police and/or fire brigade		
	Some ways to support		That we should forgive			share His love with		That if they require medical		
	themselves and others when		like Jesus forgives			others		help but it is not an		
	they are grieving							emergency, basic First Aid		
								should be used instead of		
								calling 999		
								Some basic principles of First		1
								Aid		

			Autumn 2		Spring 1		Spring 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
We Good own Good own Good Good Good Good Good Good Good Goo	Life Cycles Children will know: We are created individually by 500 dwho is Love, designed in His 500 minage and likeness 500 made us with the desire to 500 le loved and to 10ve and to 50 make a difference: each of us 10ve and 10ve make a difference: each of us 10ve and 10ve make a difference: each of us 10ve and 10ve make a difference: each of us 10ve and 10ve make a difference: each of us 10ve and 10ve	Emotional Wellbeing Children will know: That emotions change as they grow up (not including hormonal effects) About the range and intensity of their feelings and that 'feelings' are not good guides for action That feelings are neither good or bad, but information about what we are experiencing that help us consider how to act What 'emotional wellbeing' means and that positive actions and talking to trusted people enhance emotional wellbeing that images in the media do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves. That God made us and loves us as we are.	Personal Relationships Children will know: That God loves, embraces, guides and forgives us; He reconciles us with Him and one another. The importance of forgiveness and reconciliation in relationships, and some of Jesus' teaching on forgiveness. That relationships take time and effort to sustain. We reflect God's image in our relationships with others: this is intrinsic to who we are and to our happiness.	Anti-Bullying Being a witness To know what it means to be a witness to bullying. To know that know that the witnesses have a choice of actions they can take. Include keeping electronic evidence,			What does it mean to represent others? To know what it means to represent others and know what the role of an MP is. To know the importance of asking questions and practise composing them. To know how voting can help make decisions fair and debate who would be a class representative.	Safe & Healthy Living Safe & Unsafe To know the key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy. Identify risk factors in given situations To know whether situations which are safe or unsafe; Safe In My Body To judge well what kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond About different kinds of abuse, including 'abuse of private parts' That there are different people we can trust for help, especially those who care for us, including our teachers and parish priest	1	Moving On Children will know: what makes them special how to prepare for and manage change the benefits of 'looking forward' the importance of serving others

	Autumn	1	Autu	mn 2	Sprir	ng 1	Sprin	g 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
Y4	Children will know that:	Children will know:	Children will know:	Ways to help	Water Scarcity-	Children will learn:	What is a government?	First aid	Raising money for charity	Children will know:
	We are created individually	That emotions	That God loves,	To know some ways	Saving water		To know what a government is and	To know to ensure the safety of	To know why they might, or might not	
	by God who is Love,	change as they grow	embraces, guides	of helping to make	To be aware that	That God wants His	how its politicians are elected.	myself and others in the event of	give money to a charity	what makes them special
	designed in His own image	up (including	and forgives us; He	someone who is	water is a finite	Church to love and	To know what the role of a prime	an emergency	To know and understand the importance	
	and likeness	hormonal effects)	reconciles us with	being bullied feel	resource	care for others.	minister is.	To know how to assist in an	and effects of budgeting and saving costs	how to prepare for and
	God made us with the desire	About the range and	Him and one	better	To know a way in	To devise practical	To know how to debate if elections	emergency by correctly calling for	What are the links between jobs and	manage change
	to be loved and to love and	intensity of their	another.	To know that	which people can	ways of loving and	are the best way to choose a	help	money?	
	to make a difference: each	feelings and that	The importance of	sometimes bullying	conserve water?	caring for others.	government.	To know the information I need to	To know of different jobs that they might	that change can be
	of us has a specific purpose	'feelings' are not	forgiveness and	is hard to spot and	To know the impacts	The principles of		give to emergency services if they	do to earn money	positive
	(vocation)	good guides for	reconciliation in	to know what to do	of water shortage on	Catholic Social		are called to an incident	To know that some jobs pay more than	
	Every human life is precious	action That feelings are	relationships, and some of Jesus'	if I think it is happening but I'm	themselves, a	Teaching That God formed		In an amargana, it is important to	others and that money is one factor in	what they want to achieve next year- aspirations
	from the beginning of life (conception) to natural	neither good or bad,	teaching on	not sure.	community and other communities around	them out of love, to		In an emergency, it is important to remain calm.	choosing a job To know that the choices they make about	next year- aspirations
	death	but information	forgiveness.	not sure.	the world?	know and share His		Quick reactions in an emergency	work and money will affect their lives	that Jesus walks with
	Personal and communal	about what we are	That relationships	Develop a greater	the world:	love with others		can save a life.	work and money will affect their lives	them always
	prayer and worship are	experiencing that	take time and effort	awareness of		love with others		Children can help in an emergency		them always
	necessary ways of growing	help us consider how	to sustain.	bullying (including				using their First Aid knowledge.		
	in our relationship with God	to act	We reflect God's	cyber-bullying), that				asing their riser at anowicage.		
	In Baptism God makes us His	What 'emotional	image in our	all bullying is wrong,				The recovery position can be used		
	adopted children and	well-being' means	relationships with	and how to respond				when a person is unconscious but		
	'receivers' of His love	and that positive	others: this is	to bullying				breathing		
	By regularly receiving the	actions and talking to	intrinsic to who we	Learn about				DR ABC is a primary survey to find		
	Sacrament of Reconciliation,	trusted people	are and to our	harassment and				out how to treat life-threatening		
	we grow in good deeds	enhance emotional	happiness.	exploitation in				conditions in order of importance		
	(human virtue).	well-being		relationships,						
	It is important to make a	Some behaviour is	Ways to maintain	including physical				Safe In My Body		
	nightly examination of	wrong,	and develop good,	and emotional abuse				To judge well what kind of physical		
	conscience.	unacceptable,	positive, trusting	and how to respond				contact is acceptable or		
	Receiving the Sacraments	unhealthy and/or	relationships					unacceptable and how to respond		
	helps them to develop	risky.	and strategies to use					About different kinds of abuse,		
	healthy relationships with others	Thankfulness builds	when relationships					including 'abuse of private parts' That there are different people we		
	Understand what 'death'	resilience against feelings of envy,	go wrong That there are					can trust for help, especially those		
	means	inadequacy, and	different types of					who care for us, including our		
	Learn about some feelings	insecurity, and	relationships					teachers and parish priest		
	often connected with grief	against pressure	including those					tedeners and parish priese		
	Know what the Christian	from peers and the	between							
	faith says about death and	media.	acquaintances,							
	eternal life		friends, family and							
	Explore some ways to		relatives							
	support themselves and		That good							
	others when they are		friendship is when							
	grieving.		both persons enjoy							
	Understand what 'death'		each other's							
	means		company and also							
	Learn about some feelings		want what is truly							
	often connected with grief		best for the other							
	Know what the Christian		The difference							
	faith says about death and eternal life		between a group of							
	Explore some ways to		friends and a 'clique'							
	support themselves and									
	others when they are									
	grieving.									
	giicviilg.					1				

	Autumn	1	Autu	mn 2	Sprin	ng 1	Sprin	g 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
Y5	Children will know: We were created	To recognise that images in the media	Children will know: Similarities and	Reasons for bullying To know some of the	Biodiversity- Just one change	That God calls us to love others	What is parliament? To know about parliament and how is	Water safety https://www.teachwire.net/teachi	How do I plan a simple budget? To know the importance of planning and	Children will know:
	individually by God who cares for us and wants us to	do not always reflect reality and can affect	differences between people arise as they	reasons why people use bullying	To know what biodiversity is?	About ways in which we can	plays a part in law making. To know how new laws are proposed	ng-resources/all-about-water- safety-classroom-activities-for-ks2	keeping track of spending and saving To know how to plan and manage a basic	what makes them special
	put our faith in Him. Physically becoming an adult is a natural phase of life.	how people feel about themselves That thankfulness	grow and mature By living and working together	behaviours To know some ways	To know how high levels of biodiversity are beneficial to	participate in God's call for us to love others	and passed. To know how to debate whether a government could operate without a	To know the appropriate behaviour near bodies of water (canals, rivers, lakes, reservoirs	budget How can I keep my money safe? To know some of the risks associated with	what they want to achieve next year- aspirations
	Lots of changes will happen during puberty and	builds resilience against feelings of	('teamwork') we create community.	to encourage children who use	nature? To know the	God the Father, God the Son and	parliament	etc.) To understand that their	spending money online To know some ways of keeping money	how to develop a growth mind set
	sometimes it might feel confusing, but it is all part of	envy, inadequacy etc, and against	There are many different types of	bullying behaviours to make other	consequences of making a change in an	God the Holy Spirit are the three		behaviour has consequences To alert children to the possible	safe when using the internet and how to avoid online scams	to trust God's plan and
	God's great plan – and the results will be worth it! Learn what the term	pressure from peers or the media Deepen their	family set up Self-confidence arises from being	choices.	area of low biodiversity To know of human	persons of the Holy Trinity. The Holy Spirit		dangers to be found near bodies of water.		listen to his Word
	'puberty' means. Learn when they can expect	understanding of the range and intensity	loved by God (not status, etc.)		behaviours that are threatening the	works through us to share God's love		How to make good choices that have an impact on their health:		
	puberty to take place. Understand that puberty is	of their feelings; that 'feelings' are not	Learn about how		biodiversity of an ecosystem?	and goodness with others.		rest and sleep, exercise, personal hygiene, avoiding the overuse of		
	part of God's plan for our bodies. Learn correct naming of	good guides for action Learn that some	thoughts and feelings impact on actions, and develop			The principles of Catholic Social Teaching		electronic entertainment, etc. About the effect that a range of		
	genitalia Learn what changes will	behaviour is wrong, unacceptable.	strategies that will positively impact			That God formed them out of love, to		substances including drugs, tobacco and alcohol can have on		
	happen to boys during puberty	unhealthy or risky	their actions Apply this approach			know and share His love with others		the body. How to make good choices about		
	Learn what changes will happen to girls during		to personal friendships and relationships					substances that would have an impact on their health. That our bodies are created by		
	puberty About the nature and role of menstruation in the fertility		relationships					God, so we should take care of them and be careful about what		
	cycle, and that fertility is involved in the start of life							we consume. Consider how, as they get older,		
	Some practical ways to manage the onset of menstruation							they may come under pressure when it comes to drugs, alcohol and tobacco		
	About the need to respect their bodies as a gift from							Learn that they are entitled to say "no" for all sorts of reasons, but		
	God to be looked after well, and dressed appropriately							not least in order to protect their God-given bodies		
	The need for modesty and appropriate boundaries									

	Autumn	1	Autu	ımn 2	Sprir	ng 1	Sprin	ıg 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	Emotional Wellbeing	Personal Relationships	Anti-Bullying	Education For Social Responsibility	Living In The Wider World	Democracy	Safe & Healthy Living	Money Sense	Moving On
Y6	We were created	That emotions	Pupils will know	Types of bullying	Fast Fashion	Children will learn:	What is democracy?	Rail safety	How do I understand information about	Children will know:
	individually by God who	change as they grow	that:		To know what the		To know what the meaning of	https://www.networkrail.co.uk/co	money from around the world?	
	cares for us and wants us to	up (including		To be able to explain	fast fashion industry	About prejudice,	democracy is.	mmunities/safety-in-the-	To know that money has a different value	how to identify and
	put our faith in Him.	hormonal effects)	Pressure comes in	the difference	is	bullying and	To know the pros and cons of a	community/safety-	in different countries	manage anxiety
	Physically becoming an adult	To deepen their	different forms, and	between direct and	To know that clothing	discrimination:	democratic society.	education/primary-school-	What affects my choices about money?	
	is a natural phase of life.	understanding of the	what some of those	indirect types of	production affects	what they mean	To know how to debate whether a	resources/	To know that the choices they make about	how to identify and
	Lots of changes will happen	range and intensity	different forms are	bullying.	the environment &	and how to	democracy is the best way of forming	To know rail safety rules and how	spending and saving their money can be	manage excitement
	during puberty and	of their feelings; that	There are strategies		people.	challenge them.	a government	to behave	influenced by, and have an impact on,	
	sometimes it might feel	feelings are not good	that they can adopt	To be able to explain	To know ways that	About protected		To know & understand rail safety	other people To know that manufacturers	how to manage change
	confusing, but it is all part of	guides for action	to resist pressure	some of the ways in	someone could	characteristics from		signs	and shops advertise to persuade them to	
	God's great plan – and the	That openness with	Understand what	which one person	combat the fast	the Equality Act		To know what to do or how to get	spend their money	how to make friends in
	results will be worth it!	trusted	consent and bodily	(or group of people)	fashion industry	2010 such as race,		help if someone or something is	How does money affect my feelings?	new places
	What 'death' means	parents/carers/teach	autonomy means	can have power over		age and disability.		unsafe, or there is an emergency	To know how money choices can affect	
	About some feelings often	ers when worried	Discuss and reflect	another		That everyone is			emotional health To understand the	how to solve problems in
	connected with grief	helps with healthy	on different			made in the image		To judge well what kind of physical	concept of debt and the impact it can have	a new setting
	What the Christian faith says	emotional well-	scenarios where it is			of God, loved		contact is acceptable or	on a person and their family	
	about death and eternal life	being.	right to say 'no'			unconditionally by		unacceptable and how to respond	To know sources of advice available to	that the 'armour of God'
	Some ways to support	That beauty, art, etc.				Him, has equal		That abuse violates the rights of	support emotional wellbeing	will protect them
	themselves and others when	can lift the spirit and				dignity and is		children		
	they are grieving	also contribute to				deserving of equal		That there are different people we		
		our sense of well-				respect.		can trust for help, especially those		
		being.				The principles of		closest to us who care for us,		
						Catholic Social		including parents, teachers and		
						Teaching		priests		
						That God formed				
						them out of love, to				
						know and share His				
						love with others				
						Apply the principles				
						of Catholic Social				
	1					Teaching to current				
	1					issues.				
						Find ways in which				
	1					they can spread				
						God's love in their				
L	1		l	l	1	community.				

Coverage of DfE Statutory RSE Requirements

Families and People Who Care For Me

Pupils should know:	Core Curriculum	Additional Experiences
	EYFS Aut 2 – personal relationships	SMSC assemblies (whole school)
because they can give love, security and stability	Year 1 Aut 2 – personal relationships	Year 1 RE- Families
		Year 3 RE – Homes
		Year 4 RE – People
the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to	EYFS Aut 2 – personal relationships	SMSC assemblies (whole school)
each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and	Year 1 Aut 2 – personal relationships	Year 1 RE- Families
care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each		Year 3 RE – Homes
other's lives		Year 5 RE – People
that others' families, either in school or in the wider	Year 5 Aut 2 – personal relationships	SMSC assemblies (whole school)
world, sometimes look different from their family, but	Year 4 Spr 2- living in the wider world	Year 4 RE – People
that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by		British Values
love and care	·	
	Year 5 Aut 2 – personal relationships	Year 3 RE – Homes
different types, are at the heart of happy families, and		Year 1 RE- Families
are important for children's security as they grow up		Year 1 RE- Special people
that marriage represents a formal and legally	Year 4 Aut 2 – personal relationships	Year 5 RE – Life choices
recognised commitment of two people to each other		·
which is intended to be lifelong	EVEO A. LO. A. C. L. L. L.	
how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice	EYFS Aut 2- Anti-bullying	
from others if needed		

Caring Friendships

Pupils should know:	Core Curriculum	Additional Experiences
how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends	Year 1 Aut 2 – personal relationships	SCARF – All about me workshop (EYFS) SCARF – My wonderful body workshop (Year1) SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3) SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
the characteristics of friendships, including mutual, respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties	EYFS Aut 2- personal relationships Year 2 Aut 2 – personal relationships	SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3) SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded	EYFS Aut 2- personal relationships Year 1 Aut 2 – personal relationships Year 2 Aut 2 – personal relationships	SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3) SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right	Year 1 Aut 2 – personal relationships Year 5 Aut 2 – personal relationships	SCARF – My wonderful body workshop (Year1) SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3) SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed	Year 4 Spring 2- safe in my body Year 6 – Spr 2 – safe and healthy living	SCARF- feelings workshop (year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3) SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)

Respectful Relationships

Pupils should know:	Core Curriculum	Additional Experiences
the importance of respecting others, even when they are	EYFS Spring 1- living in the wider world	SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3)
very different from them (for example, physically, in	Year 1 Aut 1 – emotional wellbeing	SCARF – It's great to be me workshop (Year 4)
character, personality or backgrounds), or make different	Year 6 Spring 1 – Living in wider world	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5)
choices or have different preferences or beliefs		SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
		Catholic Social Teaching values (CST)
practical steps they can take in a range of different	Year 6 spring 1 – Living in the wider world	SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3)
contexts to improve or support respectful relationships		SCARF – It's great to be me workshop (Year 4)
		SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5)
the control of the co	EVEO As to Comment and the section of	SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
the conventions of courtesy and manners	EYFS Aut 2 – personal relationships	SCARF - My wonderful body workshop (Year1)
		SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3)
		SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 5)
		SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
		CST
		Schools Golden rules
the importance of self-respect and how this links to their	Year 3 Aut 1 – Me, my body	SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3)
own happiness	Year 5 – Aut 1 – Me, my body	SCARF – It's great to be me workshop (Year 4)
	, ,	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5)
		SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
		CST
that in school and in wider society they can expect to be	EYFS Spring 1 – Living in the wider world	SCARF – Meet the brain workshop (Year 3)
treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should	Year 1 – spring 2 – living in the wider world	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5)
show due respect to others, including those in positions of	Year 5 Spring 2 – safe and healthy living	SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
authority		CST
		Schools golden rules
		Octions golden rules
about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying),	All years Aut 2 – Anti-bullying	SCARE feelings workshop (Voor 2)
the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders	All years Aut 2 - Artit-bullyllig	SCARF- feelings workshop (Year 2) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
(primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get		Anti-bullying week – whole school
help		, and builying wook whole solloof
what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair,	Year 6 Spring 1 – Living in the wider world	SMSC assemblies (whole school)
negative or destructive		, , ,
the importance of permission-seeking and giving in	Year 6 Aut 2 – personal relationships	
relationships with friends, peers and adults		

Online Relationships

Pupils should know:	Core Curriculum	Additional Experiences
that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not	Online safety: Self-image & identity – Aut 1 – Years 2,3,4,5	Internet safety day – whole school
that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous	Online safety: Online relationships – Aut 2 – Years 3,4,5	
the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them	Online safety: Self-image- Aut 1 – EYFS, Years 1,4,6 Managing online info – Spring 2 – Year 1 Health and wellbeing – Sum 1 – EYFS, Years 1,4,6	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6) Internet safety day – whole school
how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met	Online safety: Managing online info- Spring 2 – Years 2,6 Online relationships – Aut 2 – Year 5	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5)
how information and data is shared and used online	Online safety: Managing online info- Spring 2 – Years 4,6	

Being Safe

Pupils should know:	Core Curriculum	Additional Experiences
what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)	Year 5 – Aut 1 - Me, My Body, My Health Life Cycles	SCARF- Friends workshop (Year 5) SCARF- Decisions workshop (Year 6)
about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe	Year 1 – Spr 2 – Keeping safe	
that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact	EYFS- Aut 2 – Personal relationships	
	Year 1 – Spr 2 – Safe in my body	
	Year 3 – Spr 2 – Safe in my body	
how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know	Year 3 – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	Internet safety day – whole school
		Anti-bullying week – whole school
how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult	Year 3 – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	
how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,	EYFS – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	Anti-bullying week – whole school
	Year 1 – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	
	Year 3 – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	
	Year 4– Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	
	Year 6 – Spr 2- Safe and healthy living	
how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so	Year 3 – Spr 2 -Safe in my body	Anti-bullying week – whole school
	Year 4 – Spr 2 -Safe in my body	
where to get advice, for example family, school or other sources	Year 6 Sum 1 – Money sense	Anti-bullying week – whole school
	EYFS Aut 2 – Anti bullying	